Geography	Autumn Term 2 Year 7	Everyday Geographies	Tectonic Hazards
What? When? Why?	Lesson One Learning intentions (what can a student do at the end of the lesson)	Lesson Two Learning intentions (what can a student do at the end of the lesson)	Lesson Three Learning intentions (what can a student do at the end of the lesson)
Week One And two (3 lessons)	 Where does the UK fit into the world map? What do we mean by the United Kingdom? What are the physical changes that are evident across the UK? 	 What distinctive landscapes are there in our local area and the UK? 	 To understand the characteristics of rocks. To complete a practical investigation into rocks and their differences and similarities.
Week three and four	 To understand the characteristics of rocks. To complete a practical investigation into rocks and their differences and similarities. 	 What can the rocks of our local area tell us about past environments and processes? 	 What do we mean by the rock cycle? What processes are important in the rock cycle?
Week five and six	 How do tectonic activities kickstart the rock cycle? 	 What is the mechanism for tectonics? How do rocks form at tectonic plates? What processes are active at tectonic plates? 	 What is the mechanism for tectonics? How do rocks form at tectonic plates? What processes are active at tectonic plates?
Week seven	 What landforms do we get at tectonic boundaries? 		

Geography	Autumn Term 2 Year 8	Global Climate and Liveable Cities	
What?	Lesson One	Lesson Two	Lesson Three
When?	Learning intentions	Learning intentions	Learning intentions
Why?	(what can a student do at the end of the lesson)	(what can a student do at the end of the lesson)	(what can a student do at the end of the lesson)
Week One And two (3 lessons)	 What factors influence the global climate? 	 What factors influence the global climate? 	How does climate influence biomes?
Week three and four	What types of settlements do we find in the UK?	What is the definition of a liveable city?	How and why might people have different views on cities and towns?
Week five and six	 What makes London so important? 	 What factors have led to the growth of London as our capital city? 	 How can we make UK cities more sustainable? What do we mean by sustainable transport?
Week seven	How can we make our homes more sustainable?	What are some of the issues in being more sustainable?	

Geography	Autumn Term 2 Year 9	Factfulness and Hazards	
What? When? Why?	Lesson One Learning intentions (what can a student do at the end of	Lesson Two Learning intentions (what can a student do at the end of	Lesson Three Learning intentions (what can a student do at the end of the
Week One And two (3 lessons)	 the lesson) To define the term social inequality. To understand how inequality is measured by use of the Gini Coefficient and the Lorenz Curve. To interpret inequality data from Lorenz curves. 	 the lesson) To understand the difference between top-down strategies and grass roots strategies. To evaluate examples of both top down and grassroots strategies to reduce inequality within a country. 	 To investigate how technology can help people move through the levels.
Week three and four	 To understand the danger of a single story. To identify examples of where there might be dangers of a single story in: the world, the UK, Keighley. 	 What do we mean by hazards? Do all hazards become disasters? Why are some people more at risk than others? 	 How can we classify hazards in the world? How can we map current hazards in the world?
Week five and six	 What are the most significant natural hazards in the world today? 	 What hazards are associated with the weather? Where are the current weather hazards in the world? 	 How do tropical storms form? Where do tropical storms form?
Week seven	 How does the level of development influence the impact of tropical storms? 	How does the level of development influence the impact of tropical storms?	What factors influence how hazardous tropical storms are?