What?	Lesson One	Lesson Two	Lesson Three
When?	Learning intentions	Learning intentions	Learning intentions
Why?	(what can a student do at the end of	(what can a student do at the end of	(what can a student do at the end of the
·	the lesson)	the lesson)	lesson)
Week 28 Return to school 22/04/25 Terminology: Genre Context	Monday 21 <sup>st</sup> April 2025-Bank holiday.	LI: To explore Shakespeare's life, works and legacy and to know the differences between comedy, history and tragedy plays.  WINTMTL:  To describe key facts about Shakespeare's life and why he is important.  To explain the differences between comedy, history, and	LI: To explore the context of Italian states. WINTMTL: To describe what the Italian states were during Shakespeare's time. To explain why Italy was an important setting for many plays. To link the context of the Italian states to The Tempest.
		tragedy plays.  RC: Why is the study of Shakespeare important? What are the differences between comedy, tragedy and history plays?	RC: How is the context of Italian city states important to the play, The Tempest?
Week 29 28/04/25 <b>Terminology:</b> Symbolism	LI: To situate the theme of travel in The Tempest in the context in which it was written.  WINTMTL:  To explain why travel and exploration were important in Shakespeare's time.	LI: To examine the symbolism of the shipwreck in Act 1, Scene 1 and its significance to the overall theme of the play. Pages 1-4. WINTMTL:  To describe what happens in the shipwreck scene.	LI: To explore the significance of the island setting in The Tempest. Links to Act 1, Scene 1. Marked piece WINTMTL: To describe key features of the island setting.

	To describe how travel influences the plot of <i>The Tempest</i> . To create a description using the five senses. RC: Imagine you are on this ship. How would you feel?	To explain what the storm might symbolise. To discuss how the storm impacts characters. RC: How might each character feel about the storm and why?	To explain how the island is important to the story.  To discuss how the island represents isolation and control.  RC: How important is setting to the play The Tempest?
Week 30 05/05/25 <b>Terminology:</b> Dialogue	5 <sup>th</sup> May 2025-Bank Holiday	LI: To explore the character of Miranda through her dialogue in Act 1, Scene 2 to understand her innocence and curiosity. Pages 4-10, to "That Wrings mine eyes to't.".  WINTMTL: To describe Miranda's personality based on her dialogue. To explain how her innocence is shown in this scene. To explore how Miranda is presented.  RC: How does Shakespeare present the character of Miranda in Act 1 Scene 2?	Green pen-feedback on marked piece RC: How important is setting to the play The Tempest? WINTMTL: To describe key features of the island setting. To explain how the island is important to the story. To discuss how the island represents isolation and control.
Week 31 12/05/25 <b>Terminology:</b> Usurpation	LI: To analyse Prospero's character in Act 1, Scene 2 to understand his motives and character development. Pages 10-	LI: To discuss the relationship between Prospero and Ariel, focusing on Act 1, Scene 2 for insights into their dynamic. Pages	LI: To discuss the theme of usurpation and rightful rule, as well as the motif of revenge in Act 1, Scene 2 through Prospero's plans for his enemies. Marked piece.

	12, from "Hear a little further" to	12-17, from [Calling] "Come away,	WINTMTL:
	Miranda sleeps.	servant" to Exit Ariel.	To explain what usurpation means and
	WINTMTL:	WINTMTL:	how it applies to Prospero.
	To describe Prospero's role in the	To describe Ariel's role in the	To discuss how revenge is an
	play.	play.	important theme in the play.
	To explain what motivates	To explain how Ariel and	To explore whether Prospero's plans
	Prospero's actions.	Prospero's relationship is shown.	are justified.
	To discuss how Prospero's	To explore themes of power and	RC: What kind of character is
	character develops in this scene.	loyalty in their interactions.	Prospero? Think about the ways that
	RC: Prospero behaves in the same	RC: How is the relationship	Prospero treats Miranda and Ariel.
	way any other man would in the	between Ariel and Prospero	
	same situation. Do you agree or	presented?	
	disagree with this statement?		
Week 32	LI: To evaluate Caliban's	LI: To examine the use of	Green pen-feedback on marked piece
19/05/25	portrayal in Act 1, Scene 2 and	language and imagery in Act 1,	RC: What kind of character is
Terminology:	discuss the themes of colonialism	Scene 2 to discuss the portrayal	Prospero? Think about the ways that
Colonialism	and slavery. Pages 17- 20, from	of magic and the supernatural.	Prospero treats Miranda and Ariel.
26 <sup>th</sup> - 1 <sup>st</sup> June	[To Miranda] "Awake, dear heart"	Pages 20-25, from Enter	WINTMTL:
Half Term	to [Exit Caliban].	Ferdinand and Ariel invisible, to	To explain what usurpation means and
	WINTMTL:	[Exeunt].	how it applies to Prospero.
	To describe how Caliban is	WINTMTL:	To discuss how revenge is an
	introduced in this scene.	To identify examples of magic and	important theme in the play.
	To explain how colonialism is	supernatural imagery.	To explore whether Prospero's plans
	reflected in his character.	To explain how Shakespeare uses	are justified.
	To discuss whether Caliban is	language to create mystery.	
	portrayed as a victim or a villain.	To discuss how magic influences	
		the characters.	

nglish Year 8 Learning Intentions - The Tempest	WINTMTL= What I Need To Master T	nis Learning RC=Red zone Cha	t/Collaboration
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	RC: How is magic and the	
	supernatural portrayed in Act 1,	
	Scene 2?	

## Curriculum Intent:

Pupils will read and perform Shakespeare's The Tempest. Teaching The Tempest means creating a space for classroom conversations about race, power, indigeneity and slavery.

## Curricular Links:

Links to subject content, culture, and themes in 'In the Sea there are Crocodiles' and poetry from around the World.

## Key Vocabulary:

Genre, context, symbolism, usurpation, colonialism, dialogue, subplot, motif, utopia, soliloquy, aside, monologue, utopia, foreshadowing, plot, masque, theme, illusion, epilogue, exposition, rising action, climax, falling action, resolution, denouement.

HOMEWORK= 1 piece of homework selected by class teacher weekly from the homework menu assigned to the unit= WIB Takeaway homework menu.